Mbsm.pro, 3A Adjustable voltage regulator circuit from 12 v to 5 v DC

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- 1. Switching Regulator with Adjustable Output:
- **High Efficiency:** Ideal for high-current applications due to their efficient power conversion, reducing heat generation.
- Wide Input Voltage Range: Often handle a broad range of input voltages.
- **Compact Size:** Typically smaller than linear regulators with similar current ratings.
- Adjustability: Some switching regulator ICs offer built-in adjustable output voltage control.

Examples of Switching Regulator ICs with Adjustable Output: LM2596



LM2576



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2. Linear Regulator with External Pass Transistor and Adjustable Control:

- Simpler Design: Uses a linear regulator IC, an external power transistor, and adjustable control components.
- Less Efficient: Dissipates excess power as heat, requiring adequate heatsinking.

Components:

• Linear Regulator IC: Provides basic voltage regulation, but with a limited current output.

- Power Transistor: Handles high current flow.
- Heatsink: Dissipates heat from the transistor.

• Adjustable Resistors: Allow for fine-tuning of the output voltage. Additional Considerations:

- **Heat Dissipation:** Both switching and linear regulators with high currents generate heat. Provide sufficient heatsinking.
- Input Voltage Range: Ensure the regulator can handle your input voltage range.
- **Desired Adjustment Range:** Choose a regulator that offers the level of output voltage adjustability you need.
- **Safety Features:** Consider regulators with overcurrent protection, thermal protection, and short-circuit protection.

Specific Circuit Design and Component Selection:

- Depend on your exact current, voltage, and adjustability requirements.
- Consult datasheets and application notes for the chosen regulator ICs for detailed guidance.